

IP protection on EI (3UI) core transformers correspond to: IP00, IP23 and IP54. Transformers are manufactured according to EN 61558 and IEC 726, as well as CE, LVD, EMC and RoHS. Input and output voltages, characteristics, fixing and connection are defined by order. Demension in the table are available for normal, continuous charge.

Characteristics

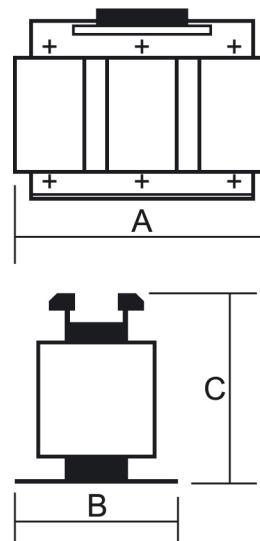
Size	Power	Max. dimension in mm			Weight	
		A	x	B		
EI 50/50/10-16	0,01-0,02	65		28-34	80	0,2-0,4
EI 65/65/13-20	0,02-0,04	75		35-40	90	0,5-0,7
EI 80/80/17-26	0,03-0,07	105		40-50	105	0,8-1,4
EI 100/100/21-31	0,08-0,17	120		53-63	125	2,2-3,3
EI 125/125/26-41	0,2-0,4	150		67-82	150	4,5-6,5
EI 150/150/31-41-51	0,3-0,8	180		76-86-96	180	6,5-11
EI 170/170/36-46-57	0,6-1,1	205		86-97-107	195	7-14
EI 175/175/37-45-55	0,7-1,3	210		88-95-105	205	12-17
EI 190/190/40-64	0,9-1,5	230		90-114	220	13-20
EI 200/200/41-51-61	1,0-1,7	240		97-107-117	265	16-23
EI 200/200/71-75	1,5-2,0	240		127-132	265	24-28
EI 220/220/46-60-72	1,5-2,8	265		106-120-132	290	18-30
EI 250/250/52-65-77	2,0-4,0	300		130-143-155	320	28-46
EI 250/25092-103	3,5-5,0	300		162-173	320	45-55
EI 280/280/58-75-92	3,2-5,5	340		138-155-172	345	42-65
EI 300/300/63-78-93	5,0-9,0	360		153-168-183	365	60-80
EI 350/350/63-75-88	8,0-12,0	420		163-173-188	430	70-100
EI 350/350/103-133	9,0-14,0	420		203-233	430	95-150
EI 400/400/83-110-140	14,0-3,50	480		193-220-250	480	120-190

Transformers dimensions:

A - Length

B - Breadth

C - Height



By:
DP/0 is $A \times B \times C = A \times B \times C$ in table; **W/0** is $A \times B \times C = A \times C \times B$ in table; **DPN** is $A \times B \times C = C \times B \times A$ in table



Three-phase transformers



RoHS



Characteristics and standards

This information is only given for as a guide, but you may request a test report for confirmation. Our transformers and windings are produced according to European or International Standards,

NF EN 61558-2-1	: Low capacity power insulation transformers (≤ 1 KVA single phase, ≤ 5 KVA three phase).
NF EN 60076	: Power transformers.
NF EN 61558-2-2	: Control transformers.
NF EN 61558-2-4	: Isolating transformers.
NF EN 61558-2-6	: Safety isolating transformers.
NF EN 61558-2-13	: Low capacity power autotransformers.
NF EN 61558-2-15	: Isolating transformers for the supply of medical locations.
NF EN 60947-4-1	: Start-up autotransformers three phase motor.
NF EN 61558-2-20	: Reactors

The insulations used between layers:

Class B (maximum temperature 130° C),
 Class F (maximum temperature 155° C),
 Class H (maximum temperature 180° C)

Protection against direct contact:

For the enclosed type transformer, the equipment is protected by a metallic enclosure as per NF EN 60529 and NF EN 62262 standard:

IP 21 – IK 08, except at the bottom
 IP 55 – IK 08 or other on request.

Autotransformer:

An autotransformer has only one winding rated for the highest voltage. The lowest voltage is obtained on the middle tap changer.

Therefore, there is no insulation between circuits and use of this type of transformers must not be used as a safety transformer or to achieve circuit separation. However, the autotransformer is a very economical solution to obtain a voltage change. For a same power and voltage ratio, an autotransformer is smaller and has a better efficiency than a transformer.

(ex. : a 10 KVA autotransformer will be the same size as a 4 KVA transformer).

Our autotransformers have a compensation tap to ensure real reversal feed.

Vacuum impregnation:

To avoid moisture absorption,
 To stop wear due to vibrations,
 To improve thermal exchange,
 To reduce noise level

Control:

All our equipment and winding characteristics are systematically tested.
 On request, we can provide a test report to the customer.

Technological progress and updating of standards can lead us to modify the dimensions and characteristics of the products appearing in this document without advance notice.

